

**THE TAMIL NADU STATE COUNCIL FOR
HIGHER EDUCATION
ACT, 1992**

**GOVERNMENT OF TAMIL NADU
LAW DEPARTMENT
THE TAMIL NADU STATE COUNCIL FOR HIGHER EDUCATION COUNCIL ACT, 1992
(Tamil Nadu Act 40 of 1992)
(As modified up to the 30th June 1994)**

REFERENCES TO PAPERS CONNECTED WITH THE PRINCIPAL ACT.

1.

The Tamil Nadu State Council for Higher education Act, 1992.

(Tamil Nadu Act 40 of 1992)

(for Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Part IV-Section 1. of the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 24th April 1992 pages 107 – 113; for Act, see Part IV- Section 2 of the Tamil Nadu Government Gazette Extraordinary, dated the 10th July 1992 (pages 145-152).

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An Act to provide for the establishment of a State Council of Higher Education in the State of Tamil Nadu and for matters connected therewith and incidental there to.

WHEREAS the National Policy on Education 1986 of Government of India contains recommendations that the State level planning and co-ordination of Higher Education shall be done through the State Council for Higher Education;

AND WHEREAS the University Grants Commission constituted a committee to make recommendations regarding the setting up of the State Council for Higher Education as per the aforesaid National Policy;

ANDWHEREAS the said committee recommended that there is a pressing need for an effective machinery for promotion and co-ordination of Higher Education at the State level and co-ordination of State level programs with those of the University Grants Commission;

ANDWHEREAS the University Grants Commission has laid down the guidelines for setting up of State Council for Higher Education as recommended by the said committee;

AND WHEREAS the State Government have accordingly decided to establish a State Council for Higher Education as recommended in the National Policy on Education of the Government of India and by the University Grants Commission:

BE it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Tamil Nadu in the Forty third Year of the Republic of India as follows: -

2. (1)

This Act may be called the Tamil Nadu State Council for Higher Education Act, 1992.

(2) it extends to the whole of the State of Tamil Nadu (3) It applies to all the Universities, Colleges and Institutions of Higher education. (4)

It shall come in to force on such date as the Government may, by notification, appoint.

(5)

In this Act unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context

(a)

"College" means any College or any institution maintained or approved by, or affiliated to, any University and providing courses of study for admission to the examination of the University and includes autonomous college;

(b)

"Council" means a Tamil Nadu State Council of Higher education established under section 3;

(c)

"degree" means a degree in arts, science, commerce, fine- arts, engineering, technology, management, law or in any other subject recognized by a University in West Bengal, and includes a post graduate degree;

(d)

"Diploma" means a diploma awarded on completion of a course of study after graduation, but does not include a certificate;

(e)

"Government" means the State Government;

(f)

"Higher Education" means an education, whether professional, technical or otherwise, leading to the obtained any degree or diploma from any University;

(g)

"Institution of Higher Education" means an institution conducting any course of study in Higher Education, which is approved as such by the Government in consultation with the Council;

(h)

"member" means a member of a Council and include the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman, Member Secretary and the Co-opted member;

(i)

"Regulation" means the regulation made by the Council under this Act;

(j)

"University" means the Madras University, the Annamalai University, the Madhurai Kamaraj University, the Annai University, the Bharathiar University, the Bharathidhasan University, The Tamil University, the Mother Teresa Women's University, the Alagappa University, the Manonmanium Sundaranar University, or such other University that may be established in the State of Tamil Nadu under any Law made by the Legislature of the State of Tamil Nadu to which the University Grants Commission Act, 1956 applies;

(k)

"University Grand Commission" means the University Grand Commission established under section 4 of the University Grand Commission Act, 1956;

3. (1)

There shall be established a Council by the name the Tamil Nadu State Council for Higher Education.

(2)

The Council shall be a body corporate having perpetual succession and a common seal and shall sue and be sued by the said name,

(3)

the headquarters of the Council shall be located at Madras,

4. The Council shall consist of following members, namely:-

(a)

The Minister in-charge of Education, who shall be the Chairman, ex-officio;

(b)

The Vice-Chairman appointed by the Government from among person having experience in the field of education;

(c)

The Secretary to the Government in-charge of Education, ex-officio;

(d)

The Secretary to the Government in-charge of Finance, ex-officio;

(e)

The Secretary, University Grants Commission or his nominee, ex-officio;

(f)

The Director of Collegiate Education, ex-officio;

(g)

(h)

One member nominated from the Government from among the eminent academicians or educational administrators;

(i)

One member nominated from the Government from among the eminent Scientist or Engineers;

(j)

One member nominated from the Government from among the Industrialists of high repute who have contribute to the cause of Higher Education;

(k)

Two member nominated from the Government from among the Vice-Chancellors of the Universities including Vice-Chancellors of Central Universities in this State, if any;

(l)

not more than three eminent educationists co-opted by the Council; and

(m)

A full time Member Secretary appointed by the Government;

5.

A person shall be disqualified for being appointed as Vice-Chairman or for being nominated or co-opted as a member of the Council or for being such Vice-Chairman nominated or co-opted member, if-

(a) He is of unsound mind: (b)

He is an applicant to be adjudicated as insolvent or is an undercharged insolvent;

(c)

He has been sentenced for any offence involving moral turpitude, punishable under any law with imprisonment, such sentence not having been annulled and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence;

(d) He is paid officer or employee of the Council; or (e) He incurs such other disqualification as may be prescribed by the Government; 6. (1)

The Vice-Chairman and the nominated and co-opted member shall hold office for a term of three years and shall be eligible for re- appointment or re-nomination or co-option for a further term of three years;

provided that for the purpose of this sub-section , a person who has held office as Vice-chairman or a nominated or co-opted member in a casual vacancy for a period of not less than one year shall be deemed to have held office for a full term of office.

(2)

Vice-chairman or a nominated or co-opted member may, by writing under his hand addressed to the Government or the Council, as the case may be, resign his office but he shall continue to hold office until his resignation is accepted by the Government or, as the case may be, by the Council.

(3)

subject to the provisions of this section, the terms and conditions of service of the Vice-Chairman and the nominated and co-opted members shall be such as may be prescribed.

(4)

the Vice-Chairman shall exercise such powers and perform such functions as may be prescribed.

7. (1)

The terms and conditions of service of the Member- secretary shall be such as may be prescribed.

(2)

The Member – Secretary shall exercise the powers and performs the functions conferred or imposed on him under this Act and such other powers and function as may be prescribed.

8.

If at any time, it appears to the Government that the Vice-Chairman or a nominated or co-opted member has shown himself to be unsuitable for office or has been guilty of misconduct or neglect which renders his removal expedient, the Government may, after giving the Vice-Chairman or such nominated or co-opted member, as the case may be, a reasonable opportunity of showing cause, by notification, remove the Vice-Chairman or such nominated or co-opted member, as the case may be, from the office.

9.

If a casual vacancy occurs in the office of the Vice-chairman or of a nominated or co-opted member, either by reason his death resignation, removal or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as may be, by the Government or by the Council, as the case may be, and such Vice-Chairman or nominated or Co-opted member shall hold office only for the remainder of the term for which the person whose place he fills would have been the Vice- Chairman or, a nominated or co-opted member, as the case may be.

10. (1)

The functions of the Council shall be to co-ordinate and determine standards in institutions of higher education, or research and scientific and technical institution in accordance with the guideline issued by the University grand Commission, from time to time.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the Council shall— (a)

prepare consolidated programmes in the sphere of higher education in the State keeping in view the overall priorities and perspectives of higher education in the State and the guidelines issued by the University grants commission and assist in their implementation;

(b)

assist the University Grants commission in respect of determination and maintains of standards and suggest remedial action wherever necessary;

(c)

evolve perspective plans for development of higher education in the State;

(d)

forward the development programmes of Universities, Colleges and institution of higher education to the University Grants Commission along with its comments and recommendations and monitor the progress of implementation of such developmental programmes;

(e)

promote co-operation and co-ordination of institution of higher education among themselves and explore the scope for interaction with industry and other related establishment;

(f)

formulate norms for starting new institutions for higher education in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Government and University Grants Commission;

(g)

suggest ways and means for augmenting additional resource for higher education in the State;

(h)

encourage and promote innovations in curriculum development, restructuring and updating of syllabi in universities, colleges and institutions of higher education,

(i)

promote and co-ordinate programmes of Universities and colleges, set up a monitoring system and monitor its implementation;

(j)

devise methods and steps to improve the standards of examinations conducted by the Universities and autonomous colleges and suggest necessary reforms;

(k)

facilitate training of teachers in Universities and colleges and oversee the functioning of the academic staff colleges through co-ordination and promote publication of quality text books, monographs and reference books;

(l)

develop programs for effective academic co-operation and interaction between the faculties in the Universities and colleges and also provide motilities of teachers and students in and out side the State;

(m)

regulate the admission in Universities, colleges and institutions of higher education;

(n)

encourage sports, games, physical education and cultural activities in the Universities and colleges;

(o)

encourage extension activities and promote interaction between Universities and industries through effective consultancy in special areas relevant to the Universities and regional planning development;

(p)

prepare an overview report on the working of the colleges and furnish a copy of the report to the University grants Commission;

(q)

identify centers of excellence in the Universities and provide national and international linkage for the growth of science and technology in frontier areas;

(r)

co-ordinate research funding at national and international level for promotion of scientific research in the Universities;

(s)

promote institute of excellence within or outside the University system in frontier areas of knowledge

(t)

make suggestions to the Government in determining the block maintains grants to Universities and institution of higher education, by evolving suitable guidelines for such grants;

(u)

set up a State Centre for Scientific Research and to co-ordinate the research activities among Universities;

(v)

examine the status, ordinances and regulations of Universities in the State and Suggest modifications to maintain uniformity in the administration without prejudice to the autonomy for the academic pursuits;

(w)

make suggestion from the Government regarding improvements to the laws relating to the establishment of new Universities;

(x)

institute prestigious awards to outstanding scientists, academicians and technologists for their contributions;

(y)

administer and release research funds, if, any, received from national and international funding agencies;

(z)

identify and administer innovative programs for sustainable growth through self- generating fund from service such as consultancy to industries, institutions and national and international organizations;

(aa)

administer and release research fund, if any, received from national and international funding agencies;

(ab)

work in liaison with the all India Council for Technical Education in relation to technical education;

(ac)

advise the Government or any University, College or institution of Higher Education and research which may refer to the Council; and

(ad)

perform such other function necessary for promoting excellence in higher education and scientific research, as may be prescribed;

11.

The Council shall meet, as often as may be necessary, at such time and place and observe such rules of procedure as may be provided in the regulations.

12.

The Council shall appoint such number of employees as may be necessary for the efficient performance of its functions. The terms and conditions of service of the employees of the Council shall be such may be provided in the regulations.

13.

The Council shall prepare in such form and at such time as may be prescribed, a budget in respect of the next financial year showing the estimated receipt and expenditure and a copy of the budget shall be forwarded to the government.

14. (1)

The Council shall have its own fund and all sums which may, fro time to time, be paid to it by the Government and all the receipts of the Council (including any sum which the Central Government, the University Grants commission or any other authority or person may hand over to the Council) shall be credited to such Fund.

2)

(a) The Government shall pay to the Council in each financial year block grants, development grants and matching and such other sum indented for Universities as the Government may consider necessary for the performance of the functions of the Council under this Act.

(b) the Government may pay to the Council in each financial year such same as may be considered necessary for the functioning of the Council;

(3)

All expenditure incurred by the Council under or for the purposes of the Act shall be defrayed from out of the said Fund and any surplus remaining, after such expenditure has been met, shall be invested in such manner as may be prescribed;

15. (1)

the account of the Council shall be maintained in such manner and in such from as may be prescribed. The Council shall prepare an annual statement of accounts in such from as may be prescribed.

(2)

The accounts of the Council shall be audited atleast once in a year or by such auditor as the Government may appoint in this behalf;

(3)

The auditor appointed under sub-section (2) shall, for proposes of audit, have such right, privileges and authority as may be prescribed.

(4)

The Member-Secretary to the Council shall cause the audit report to be printed and forward a printed copy thereof, to each member and shall place such report before the Council for consideration at its next meeting,

(5)

The Council shall take appropriate action forthwith to remedy any defect or irregularity that may be pointed out in the audit report.

(6)

The accounts of the Council as certified by the auditor together with the audit report along with the remarks of the Council thereon shall be forwarded to the Government within such time as may be prescribed,

(7)

The Government may, by order in writing, direct the Council to take such action as may be specified in the order to remedy, within such time as may be specified therein, the defects, if any, disclosed in the audit report, and the Council shall comply with such direction.

16.

The Council shall, as soon as may be, after the end of the each financial year, prepare and submit to the Government, before such date and in such form as may be prescribed, a report giving an account of its activities during the previous year and the report shall also give an account of the activities, if any, which are likely to be undertaken by the Council in the next financial year and the Government shall cause every such report to be laid before the Legislative Assembly as soon as may be after its receipt. A copy of the annual report shall also be forwarded to the University Grants Commission.

17.

The Government may issue to the Council such directions in their opinion, are necessary or expedient for carrying out the purpose of this Act. And the Council shall give effect to all such directions.

18.

The Council shall have power to act, notwithstanding any vacancy in the membership or any defect in the constitution thereof, and the proceedings of the Council shall be valid notwithstanding that some person, who was not entitled to be a member had sat, voted or otherwise taken part in the proceedings of the Council.

19.

The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Members, the member Secretary and other employees of the Council shall be deemed, when acting or reporting to act in pursuance of any of the provisions of this Act, or any rule or regulation or order or direction made or issued under this Act, to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

20.

No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against the Government, the Council or any member thereof or any employees or person acting under the direction of the Government or the Council, in respect of anything which is in good faith done or intended to be done in pursuance of this Act or any rule, regulation, order or direction made or issued under this Act.

21. (1) the Government may make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2)

Every rule made under this Act or an order made under section 23 shall, as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of the legislative assembly and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so placed or the next session, the assembly makes any modification in any such rule or order, or the assembly decides that that the rule or order should not be made, the rule or order shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be, so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity or anything previously done under that rule or order.

22.

The Council may, subject to any rules, made by the Government and with the previous approval of the Government, make regulations for carrying out the powers and functions of the Council under this Act.

23.

If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Government may, as occasion requires, by order, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, do anything which appears to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty;

Provided that no such order shall be made after the expiry of two years from the date of the commencement of this Act.

